

**University of Miami**  
**Institute for Theoretical and Mathematical Ecology**  
**in cooperation with the**  
**Department of Mathematics**  
*College of Arts and Sciences*

**Colloquium**

**Professor Shripad Tuljapurkar**

Stanford University

*will present*

**“Dynamic Heterogeneity in Life Histories”**

**Friday, November 9, 2007**  
**4:30- 5:30 pm, Ungar Bldg. rm 402**

Refreshments served at 4:00 p.m. in CC 521

**Abstract**

Biologists view the life histories of vertebrates as types: long or short life, early or late reproduction. Mathematical theory accordingly views a life history as static, and life history evolution as taking place on a static, if complex, fitness surface. Recent work on longitudinal data on natural populations shows that life histories are dynamic -- individuals move between "states" of reproduction and mortality in a surprisingly stochastic way. There is a large amount of "dynamic" heterogeneity both along an individual life course and between individuals. I discuss models of this process, the analogy between plants and animals, and the consequences for population and evolutionary theory.